

Spectralink 84-Series Wireless Telephone

Microsoft Lync Server 2013

Interoperability Guide

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Warranty

The *Product Warranty and Software License and Warranty* and other support documents are available at <http://support.spectralink.com>.

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Contents

- Chapter 1: About This Guide 5**
 - Product Support 5**
 - Spectralink References 5**
 - Specific Documents..... 6*
 - Conventions Used In This Document..... 6**
 - Icons 6*
 - Typography 7*

- Chapter 2: Features and Configurations 8**
 - Supported Features with 84-Series & Lync 2013..... 8**
 - Supported Call Server/Feature Configuration10**
 - Supported Lync configurations 10*
 - Identifying Lync-enabled 84-Series Handsets11**

- Chapter 3: Getting Started..... 12**
 - New Installations12**
 - Upgrading to a Lync 2013 Telephony Server.....13**
 - Upgrading from a Lync Server 2010 to a Lync Server 2013.....13**

- Chapter 4: System Requirements 15**
 - Setting DSCP values for QoS.....15**
 - Lync Clients..... 16*
 - Lync Server 2013 16*
 - Edge Server Configuration 17
 - Lync Server Control Traffic Configuration 18
 - Conferencing Server Configuration 18
 - Mediation Server Configuration..... 19
 - Voice Mail Configuration 19
 - Caveats..... 20*
 - DHCP Server Option 4320**
 - Security Certificates for Remote Workers20**
 - DNS for Automatic Discovery20**

- Chapter 5: Handset Configuration 21**
 - Understanding Lync Parameters in the site.cfg File22**
 - Eliminating the per-Phone .cfg File22**
 - Signing into Lync.....23**
 - Using PIN Authentication.....23*

<i>Using Login Credentials</i>	23
<i>Sign in parameters</i>	23
<i>Sign in config file templates</i>	24
Flat deployment	24
User Profiles deployment	25
Group deployment	26
How Lync Parameters Differ with User Profiles	27
Chapter 6: Sign Into or Out of Lync	30
Appendix A: Base Profile Parameters	32
Understanding In-Band Provisioning	36
Appendix B: Alternative Ways to Set the Base Profile	38
Setting the Base Profile During Bootup	39
Setting the Base Profile from the Home Screen	39

Chapter 1: About This Guide

This interoperability guide is intended for administrators deploying one or more Spectralink devices with Microsoft® Lync® Server 2013. Administrators having no or little familiarity with Spectralink devices and provisioning methods will need to reference the *Spectralink 84-Series Deployment Guide* for additional information.

Product Support

Spectralink wants you to have a successful installation. If you have questions please contact the Customer Support Hotline at 1-800-775-5330.

The hotline is open Monday through Friday, 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. Mountain time.

For Technical Support: <mailto:technicalsupport@spectralink.com>

For Knowledge Base: <http://support.spectralink.com>

For Return Material Authorization: <mailto:nalarma@spectralink.com>

Spectralink References

All Spectralink documents are available at <http://support.spectralink.com>.

The screenshot shows the Spectralink Support website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Partner Access, Spectralink.com, Contact Support, and a search icon. Below this is the Spectralink logo with the tagline 'solving every day' and the word 'support'. A secondary navigation bar contains links for PRODUCT RESOURCES, RMAs, SERVICE REQUESTS, and CUSTOMER MANAGEMENT. The main content area features a 'Welcome to Spectralink Support' message and a search prompt: 'Find resources for your product, or log in for more support options.' Below this is a 'PRODUCT RESOURCES' section with a search box for product documents and downloads. The search filters include 'Product Category' (set to 'Wi-Fi') and 'Product Type' (set to '- Any -'). A 'FIND' button is present. To the right of the search box, there is a list of product resources: 'All Documents & Downloads', 'Feature Requests', 'Product Alerts', 'Service Policies', 'FAQs', and 'Contact Support'. Below the search section are two columns of links. The left column is titled 'RMAs AND SERVICE REQUESTS' and includes links for 'RMA Status', 'RMA Forms', 'RMA Requests', 'My Company's RMAs', 'My Service Requests', 'My Company's Service Requests', and 'Repair Pricing'. The right column is titled 'CUSTOMER MANAGEMENT' and includes links for 'Warranty and Entitlement Lookup', 'My Company's Entitlements', and 'Batch Warranty and Entitlement Lookup'. At the bottom of the page, there is a copyright notice: '© 2013 Spectralink Corporation, All rights reserved. Terms and Conditions | Product Warranty'.

To go to a specific product page:

Select the Product Category and Product Type from the dropdown lists and then select the product from the next page. All resources for that particular product are displayed by default under the All tab. Documents, downloads and other resources are sorted by the date they were created so the most recently created resource is at the top of the list. You can further sort the list by the tabs across the top of the list to find exactly what you are looking for. Click the title to open the link.

Specific Documents

Spectralink 84-Series Interoperability Guide for Microsoft Lync Server 2010 covers the interoperability of Spectralink 84-Series handsets with the Microsoft Lync Server 2010.

The *Spectralink 84-Series Deployment Guide* covers the provisioning and deployment of Spectralink 84-Series handsets. This interoperability Guide is an extension of that document and covers the variations you can expect in a Lync telephony server installation.

For more detailed information on wireless LAN layout, network infrastructure, QoS, security and subnets, please see the *Best Practices Guide to Network Design Considerations for Spectralink Wireless Telephones*. This document identifies issues and solutions based on Spectralink's extensive experience in enterprise-class Wi-Fi telephony. It provides recommendations for ensuring that a network environment is adequately optimized for use with Spectralink Wireless Telephones.

The *Spectralink 84-Series User Guide* offers comprehensive instructions on using each of the features deployed on the handsets.

Conventions Used In This Document

Icons

Icons indicate extra information about nearby text.



Note

The Note icon highlights information of interest or important information that will help you be successful in accomplishing a procedure or understanding a concept.



Tip

The Tip icon highlights information that may be valuable or helpful for users to know, such as special techniques, shortcut methods, or information that will make user tasks easier to perform.



Admin Tip

This tip advises the administrator of a smarter, more productive or alternative method of performing an administrator-level task or procedure.



Troubleshooting

This element can be used in any type of document and is typically used to highlight information to help you solve a relevant problem you may encounter, or to point to other relevant troubleshooting reference information.

Typography

A few typographic conventions, listed next, are used in this guide to distinguish types of in-text information.

<i>Convention</i>	<i>Description</i>
Bold	Highlights interface items such as menus, soft keys, file names, and directories. Also used to represent menu selections and text entry to the handset.
<i>Italics</i>	Used to emphasize text, to show example values or inputs, and to show titles of reference documents available from the Spectralink Support Web site and other reference sites.
<u>Underlined blue</u>	Used for URL links to external Web pages or documents. If you click on text in this style, you will be linked to an external document or Web page.
Bright orange text	Used for cross references to other sections within this document. If you click on text in this style, you will be taken to another part of this document.
<code>Fixed-width-font</code>	Used for code fragments and parameter names.

This guide also uses a few writing conventions to distinguish conditional information.

<i>Convention</i>	<i>Description</i>
<MACaddress>	Indicates that you must enter information specific to your installation, handset, or network. For example, when you see <MACaddress>, enter your handset's 12-digit MAC address. If you see <installed-directory>, enter the path to your installation directory.
>	Indicates that you need to select an item from a menu. For example, Settings> Basic indicates that you need to select Basic from the Settings menu.

Chapter 2: Features and Configurations

Spectralink software release 4.6.x is certified by Microsoft as fully interoperable with the Microsoft Lync Server 2013. In order to run Microsoft Lync Server 2013 with Spectralink 84-Series handsets, you must use Spectralink software 4.6.x or later.

You must deploy both a Lync-enabled 84-Series handset and a Lync Server 2013 in order to realize the Lync features listed below.

Supported Features with 84-Series & Lync 2013

Supported Features	
BASIC	Basic calling: make and receive calls.
	Hold and Resume
	Speaker and Mute
	Speed dial
	Do not disturb
	Call waiting
	Caller ID
	Voicemail
	Message waiting indication
	E911 calls
	Call history
	Contacts/Directory
	Transfer: blind and consultative
	Forward: busy, no answer, and manual
	Conference: 3-way
INTERMEDIATE	Distinctive ring
	Federated Calls
	Response Group
	Team Call
	Codec: G.711, G.729, G.722.1
	IM and Presence
	Up to four simultaneous calls per single registration
	Private line
	Exchange calendar integration
	Simultaneous ringing
ADVANCED	Remote Worker
	User Profiles
	OAI
	SAFE worker
	Paging
	PTT
	XML (Web) API applications
PIN authentication	

Supported Features	
ADMINISTRATIVE	Media Traversal: STUN/TURN/ICE Authentication: TLS/NTLM
	Miscellaneous: Device Logging Call Admission Control In-band provisioning Branch office resiliency



Caution: Unsupported features

Not every Microsoft Lync Server 2013 feature is supported by the Spectralink 84-Series integration. Unsupported features may not be present at all or may not work as desired. Unless listed as supported above, it is suggested to consider the feature unsupported. Unsupported features include:

- Music on hold
- PBX-based features
- Per Line Authentication
- SIP URL calls
- Camp-on (“automatic callback”)
- Busy lamp field
- Call Park

Supported Call Server/Feature Configuration

You must have Spectralink software release 4.6.x or later and a Lync-enabled handset to support the feature set offered by Microsoft Lync 2013 or 2010. This document does not cover the configuration for Lync Server 2010. Please see the [Specific Documents](#) section for more information.

In a typical Microsoft Lync scenario, Microsoft servers are used for both telephony and IM/Calendar integration. Some installations may use a different telephony server such as an Avaya Communication Manager. This way they can benefit from the Microsoft IM/Calendar/Exchange integration and the telephony functionality of the other SIP call-server. The different deployment scenarios can be confusing and the following explanations should help.

Supported Lync configurations

Supported configurations assume that you are using Spectralink software 4.6.x or later and a Lync-enabled handset. Non-Lync 84-Series handsets do not support Lync telephony, IM, Calendar or Exchange integration no matter what server is deployed. Three supported scenarios are described plus one that is not supported.

Scenario:	1	2	3	4
Telephony server used:	Other	Other	Lync 2010/2013	Lync + Other
Lync Features available?	No	Yes	Yes	Not supported

In scenario 1, no Lync server is deployed. The system is using a legacy SIP server (e.g. Avaya). In this scenario no Lync features are available but a Lync handset provides all the standard telephony capabilities a Spectralink 84-series provides with that call server.

In scenario 2, a legacy SIP server is used (e.g. Avaya). Additionally, Microsoft software features (IM, calendar, Exchange) are integrated and are available for implementation on the Lync-enabled 84-Series handsets.

In scenario 3, a Lync Server (2010 or 2013) is used for both telephony and feature integration. In this scenario all the features explained in the relevant *Lync Interoperability Guide* are available to the 84-Series handsets.

In scenario 4, a legacy SIP server and Lync server are both deployed with the intent that both provide telephony to an 84-Series handset. Due to technical difficulties with Microsoft Lync integration assuming complete control of the 84-Series handset this scenario is not supported.

Identifying Lync-enabled 84-Series Handsets

A Lync-enabled handset supports Lync telephony, IM, calendaring, and Exchange. A handset without Lync support does not support any Lync functionality including IM, calendaring, and exchange. Handsets cannot be upgraded from non-Lync to Lync-enabled in the field. If customers are unsure if Lync capability will ever be needed, we recommend the purchase of Lync-enabled handsets. Handsets purchased without Lync capability will not run Lync software releases, e.g. 4.6.x.

Manufacturing date	Support Lync?
Prior to June 2013	Yes
June 2013 and later	2 handset variations: Lync-enabled: supports Lync non-Lync: does not support Lync



Tip

All 84-Series handsets manufactured before June 2013 support Lync.

In June of 2013, Spectralink introduced new handset variations that do not support Lync. These new “non-Lync” versions of the 8440/41/52/53 do not support any Lync capability. New product ID’s were released to identify non-Lync handsets. The Product ID for the Lync enabled handsets did not change. For example, a customer who bought a blue 8440 handset with product ID 2200-37149-001 in May 2012 can still deploy it in a Lync environment as the product ID for that Lync enabled handset has not changed and that handset is Lync-enabled due to its pre-June 2013 manufacturing date.

84-Series Product IDs with Microsoft Lync Support

Model	
8440:	2200-36149-001, 2200-36150-001 2200-37174-101, 2200-37175-101
8441:	2200-37290-001, 2200-37290-101
8450:	2200-37152-001, 2200-37153-001 2200-37176-101, 2200-37177-101
8452:	2200-37172-001, 2200-37173-001 2200-37198-101, 2200-37199-101
8453:	2200-37294-001, 2200-37294-101

Label example



To help understand if your 84-Series handset supports Lync, look at the manufacturing date on the label in the battery compartment. ALL 84-Series handsets produced before June 2013 support Lync. For handsets built during or after June 2013, check the label text. The product ID and the “with Lync” or “without Lync” text on the label will confirm whether or not the handset is Lync-enabled.

Chapter 3: Getting Started

Several scenarios exist for implementing Spectralink 84-Series handsets with Microsoft Lync 2013.

- Brand new installations that are also deploying Spectralink-84 Series for the first time,
- Installations with the 84-Series handsets already deployed that are upgrading from a third-party call server to a Microsoft Lync Server 2013,
- Installations with the 84-Series handsets already deployed that are upgrading a Microsoft Lync Server 2010 to a Microsoft Lync Server 2013.



Caution

You must ensure that your handsets are Lync-enabled in order to successfully deploy them in a Lync environment. Contact customer support if you have questions about handset compatibility.

New Installations

Follow these general steps to set up your telephony system to work with the Spectralink 84-Series handsets:

- 1 Configure system settings for QoS and Lync/84-Series interoperability requirements.
- 2 Configure handset users on the Lync server.
- 3 Configure central provisioning server parameters for Lync. The “Base Profile” parameter is located in the site.cfg file in the Config templates provided with the Spectralink 4.6.x release.



Admin Tip

When deploying User Profiles, the Lync “Base Profile” configuration cannot be used. See the configuration parameters included in the configuration templates for Spectralink software 4.2.0 and above.

- 4 When individual handsets are powered up, they are prompted to sign into the Lync server with network credentials. Once validated, the handsets become operational.

This document will cover steps 3 and 4. Steps 1 and 2 are covered in Microsoft Lync Server 2013 documentation from Microsoft.

Upgrading to a Lync 2013 Telephony Server

In a facility that is currently running any telephony server other than the Lync telephony server, similar steps to a new installation need to be followed.



Note

Ensure you are running Lync-enabled 84-Series handsets. Contact customer support if you have any questions about what type of handset you have.

For a smooth transition, restore the handsets to factory default settings and perform a full re-configuration. See the *Spectralink 84-Series Deployment Guide* for complete upgrade instructions.

Upgrading from a Lync Server 2010 to a Lync Server 2013

You must have Spectralink software release 4.6.x and the appropriate .cfg files to support the feature set offered by Microsoft Lync Server 2013.

If you are running UCS 4.0.1: the Microsoft Lync Server 2010 became available with Polycom UCS 4.0.1. That code version did not use a “Base Profile”; instead the required parameters had to be individually configured in the central provisioning server files. The upgrade to Spectralink software 4.6.x requires editing of the central provisioning files (usually the site.cfg file) to use the “Base Profile”. These revised parameters are provided in the site.cfg template in the Config files that come with Spectralink software 4.2.0 and above.



Note

If you are currently running a software version earlier than 4.2.0, please contact customer support for additional directions.

If you are using Spectralink 4.2.0 or Spectralink 4.4.0 with a Lync Server 2010, you will already have configured a “Base Profile”. See the *Spectralink 84-Series Deployment Guide* for complete upgrade instructions. Upgrading to Spectralink software 4.6.x is seamless and no special provisions need to be made, but there are a couple of things to be aware of:

Delete Custom CA Certificate:

The Lync Server 2013 auto-provisioning will not overwrite the Custom CA certificate that the handset has obtained from the 2010 server. The 2013 server will attempt to use the 2010 certificate and it will most likely fail unless you are using the same certificate server and the same Custom CA certificate used for 2010. If the upgrade fails because of this, the 2010 certificate must be deleted from the handset so that a new certificate can be obtained. See

DHCP Server Option 43 for configuration information. Delete the Custom CA Certificate by either of the following methods. On each handset:

- Manually delete the old Custom CA certificate stored as Platform CA 6. This can be done through the phone menus via **Settings>Advanced Settings>Administration Settings>TLS Security>Custom CA Certificates>Platform CA 6**. Select "Delete".
- Restore the handsets to factory defaults before migrating to 2013. The new certificate will be retrieved during registration.

Edit line 1 label:

The "Label" for line 1 (which is displayed on the phone) is not overwritten during the upgrade. Therefore if a different label is desired you must delete the existing label either before the upgrade or later. If later, the handset will pick up the new label when it re-registers. Use either of the following methods to pick up the 2013 label. On each handset:

- Manually delete the label for line 1 via **Settings> Advanced Settings> Administration Settings> Line Configuration> Line 1**
- Restore the handsets to factory defaults before the upgrade. The label information will be retrieved from the Lync Server 2013 during registration.

Chapter 4: System Requirements

Quality of Service (QoS) is a primary consideration when deploying Spectralink 84-Series Wireless Handsets. Voice has different attributes and performance requirements than wireless data applications making VoIP WLAN pre-deployment planning necessary.

A Wi-Fi handset requires a continuous, reliable connection as the user moves throughout the coverage area of the facility. In addition, voice applications have a low tolerance for network errors, packet retries and packet delays. Whereas data applications are able to accept frequent packet delays and retransmissions, wireless voice quality will deteriorate with just a few hundred milliseconds of delay or a very small percentage of lost packets. Additionally, data applications are typically bursty in terms of bandwidth utilization; whereas voice conversations use a consistent and a relatively small amount of network bandwidth throughout the length of a conversation.

Setting DSCP values for QoS

Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) settings are a method of classifying network traffic to provide quality of service by prioritizing network traffic appropriately. The Spectralink 84-Series handsets use common DSCP values for QoS as follows:

Traffic Type	DSCP Value
Voice	46
Control	40
Other	0

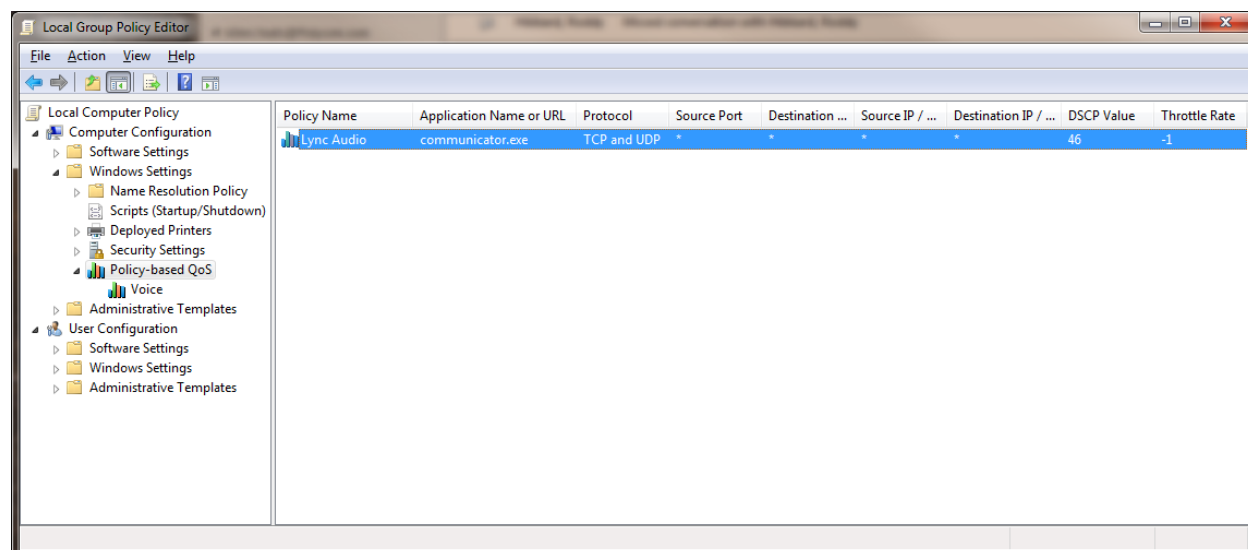
DSCP values may be set or changed by adding these parameters to the site.cfg or other appropriate .cfg file:

Parameter	Permitted Values	Default
qos.ip.rtp.dscp¹	0 to 63	Null
Specify the DSCP of packets. If a value is entered, this parameter will overrule the other <code>qos.ip.rtp.*</code> parameters. The default value is Null, so the other <code>qos.ip.rtp.*</code> parameters will be used as described in the <i>Spectralink 84-Series Wireless Telephone Administration Guide</i> .		
qos.ip.callControl.dscp¹	0 to 63	Null
Specify the DSCP of packets. If a value is entered, this parameter will overrule the other <code>qos.ip.callControl.*</code> parameters. The default value is Null, so the other <code>qos.ip.callControl.*</code> parameters will be used as described in the <i>Spectralink 84-Series Wireless Telephone Administration Guide</i> .		

¹ Change causes phone to restart or reboot.

For Windows Vista, Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 networking features have been introduced that can be used to prioritize traffic. The tool is called Group Policy Editor

(gpedit.msc) and the Policy-based QoS feature it lends access to, found in “Local Computer Policy/Computer Configuration/Windows Settings/Policy-based QoS”.



Lync Clients

Of necessity, communication occurs between wired and wireless Lync clients. When packets are sent *from* the wired client to a wireless device on the other end, those packets are not prioritized if not tagged properly by the sender. By default, Lync clients other than the Spectralink 84-Series handsets do not use DSCP tagging for voice and control network traffic. Therefore, each Lync client of interest to any given deployment will need to be configured to use DSCP tagging to guarantee enterprise grade voice quality and reliability.

A common Lync client is the PC-based Lync client, which has the executable name of *communicator.exe*, but shows up as *Microsoft Lync* in the menu bar. The only type of traffic of concern with a Lync client other than the Spectralink 84-Series handset is audio traffic since there is not a significant amount of peer-to-peer call control traffic.

Policy Name:	Lync Audio
Application Name or URL:	communicator.exe
Protocol:	TCP and UDP
Source Port:	*
Destination Port:	*
Source IP / Prefix Length:	*
Destination IP / Prefix Length:	*
DSCP Value:	46
Throttle Rate:	*

Lync Server 2013

There are many potential sources of audio in a Lync topology. By default, many of these sources won't tag audio traffic appropriately to be classified as voice by access points. Each

source will need to be configured manually capitalizing on the Group Policies features of the Windows Operating System.

The primary audio sources that need to be configured are:

- Edge Server
- Conferencing Server
- Mediation Server
- Voice Mail Server

Other services providing audio are:

- Response Group Application
- Conference Announcement Service
- UCMA Applications

Edge Server Configuration

The edge server (or edge server pool) is responsible for relaying audio between the internet and an organization's internal network and is typically run on a server separate from other servers that provide a Lync role. A Policy-based QoS rule needs to be created for incoming and outgoing audio traffic. The following two tables show an example of what needs to be configured. The actual port and IP address details will change depending on the deployment. The server (or edge server pool) must be rebooted in order for the changes to take effect.

Policy Name: Lync A/V port 443
Application Name or URL: *
Protocol: TCP and UDP
Source Port: 443
Destination Port: *
Source IP / Prefix Length: *
Destination IP / Prefix Length: *
DSCP Value: 46
Throttle Rate: *

Policy Name: Lync A/V port 3478
Application Name or URL: *
Protocol: TCP and UDP
Source Port: 3478
Destination Port: *
Source IP / Prefix Length: *
Destination IP / Prefix Length: *
DSCP Value: 46
Throttle Rate: *

Lync Server Control Traffic Configuration

The Lync Server (or Lync Server Pool) is responsible for SIP control traffic to/from the Spectralink 8400 handsets. Tagging control traffic with a DSCP value of 40 allows this traffic to be prioritized above best effort and background traffic, like FTP sessions.

A Policy-based QoS rule needs to be created for outgoing control traffic. The following table shows an example of what needs to be configured. The actual port details will change depending on the deployment. The server (or Lync Server Pool) must be rebooted in order for the changes to take effect.

Policy Name:	Lync Control Traffic
Application Name or URL:	*
Protocol:	TCP and UDP
Source Port:	5060:5061
Destination Port:	*
Source IP / Prefix Length:	*
Destination IP / Prefix Length:	172.29.4.0/24
DSCP Value:	40
Throttle Rate:	*

Conferencing Server Configuration

The conferencing server role may be served by the same physical server as the Lync Server and be implemented as a pool of servers. The conferencing server is responsible for relaying audio to clients when the conference is initiated and managed using Lync, such as when a deskset starts the conference, not a Spectralink 84-Series handset.



Note: Spectralink 84-Series handset initiated conferences

The Spectralink 84-Series handset uses telephony rather than server resources to initiate and manage conference calls. The configuration outlined here only pertains to conferences initiated on the Lync telephony server.

A Policy-based QoS rule needs to be created for outgoing audio traffic. The following table shows an example of what needs to be configured. The actual port details will change depending on the deployment. The server(s) must be rebooted in order for the changes to take effect.

Policy Name:	Conferencing Audio
Application Name or URL:	AVMCUSvc.exe
Protocol:	TCP and UDP
Source Port:	49152:57500
Destination Port:	*
Source IP / Prefix Length:	*
Destination IP / Prefix Length:	*
DSCP Value:	46
Throttle Rate:	*

The conferencing announcement, as well as response group audio and UCMA audio, is sourced from another executable. The following table shows how this executable can be configured to properly tag traffic for prioritization. The actual port range may vary depending on a site's topology plan.

Policy Name:	Resp Grp, Conf Anncmnt, and UCMA App Audio
Application Name or URL:	OcsAppServerHost.exe
Protocol:	TCP and UDP
Source Port:	49152:57500
Destination Port:	*
Source IP / Prefix Length:	*
Destination IP / Prefix Length:	*
DSCP Value:	46
Throttle Rate:	*

Mediation Server Configuration

The mediation server is responsible for relaying audio between POTS and Lync clients.

A Policy-based QoS rule needs to be created for outgoing audio traffic. The following table shows an example of what needs to be configured. The actual port details will change depending on the deployment. The server needs to be rebooted in order for the changes to take effect or the *Lync Server Mediation* service can be restarted.

Policy Name:	Mediation Server Audio
Application Name or URL:	MediationServerSvc.exe
Protocol:	TCP and UDP
Source Port:	49152:57500
Destination Port:	*
Source IP / Prefix Length:	*
Destination IP / Prefix Length:	*
DSCP Value:	46
Throttle Rate:	*

Voice Mail Configuration

The Exchange server is responsible for relaying the voice mail announcement audio. A Policy-based QoS rule needs to be created for outgoing audio traffic. The following table shows an example of what needs to be configured. The actual port details will change depending on the deployment. The server needs to be rebooted in order for the changes to take effect.

Policy Name:	Conferencing Audio
Application Name or URL:	UMWorkerProcess.exe
Protocol:	TCP and UDP
Source Port:	*
Destination Port:	*
Source IP / Prefix Length:	*

Destination IP / Prefix Length:	*
DSCP Value:	46
Throttle Rate:	*

Caveats

- OCS 2007 clients don't use specific ports for audio, so it isn't possible to differentiate between traffic types with this client.
- Port ranges and server addresses need to be designed so the features of the Group Policy Editor can distinguish between traffic types.

DHCP Server Option 43

If you are provisioning handsets from within an enterprise, verify that Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Option 43 is set for your Lync Phone Edition devices.

Entering the URL of the certificate server for Option 43 establishes the setting for the certificate.

The DHCP option 43 data format is defined in section 8.4 of [RFC 2132](#). Also see Microsoft document [Setting Up DHCP for Devices](#).

Security Certificates for Remote Workers

If you are setting up remote workers outside of an enterprise, you need to install a security certificate, either on the central provisioning server or on your Microsoft Edge Server. You will need to ensure that the signing certificate authority (CA) that issued this certificate is listed on the Spectralink *Trusted Certificate Authority List* available in *Chapter 12* of the *Spectralink 84-Series Wireless Telephone Administration Guide*.

DNS for Automatic Discovery

Setup or verify domain name system (DNS) service (SRV) records to allow the devices to automatically discover Lync Server. For information on creating and verifying DNS SRV records, see Microsoft document [Required DNS Records for Automatic Client Sign-In](#).

Chapter 5: Handset Configuration

Starting with Spectralink Software version 4.2.0.x, configuration files include the parameters required for full interoperability with the Lync telephony server. In most cases, Spectralink 84-Series handsets can use the Lync “Base Profile” which is a group of parameters that are already configured and bundled into this one profile. See Appendix A for the parameters that are included in the Lync Base Profile.

If you are deploying User Profiles, the Lync Base Profile cannot be used because some parameters belong in the site-wide configuration and others in the per-user configuration. The configuration templates that accompany the Spectralink 4.2.0 and later software contain exact parameters and directions for both situations.

If you use the Base Profile for the Lync telephony server, you may not need to configure a per-phone .cfg file for each handset as telephony registration information is handled automatically by the Lync telephony server. If you are currently using the per-phone files to configure features such as PTT and applications, you can move those features to the site.cfg, a feature.cfg, or a group.cfg file instead.

How you want your users to sign into Lync also determines what configuration settings you will need to use. There are three sign in methods:

- PIN authentication. The user enters a PIN and extension on the handset.

This method can be used for any deployment scenario.

Note that IM and presence work with PIN auth, but email and calendar do not. You must use Login credentials in order to provide Microsoft Exchange features with your Lync deployment.

- Simple Sign In (SSI): The user enters Login credentials on the handset (domain, username, password).

This method can be used in any scenario. SSI provides access to Microsoft Exchange features.

The user must enter a lot of information and this is prone to mistakes and requires extra administrative support.

- Simple Sign In (SSI) with automatic signin: Credentials are configured in a per-user or per handset configuration file by the administrator. With this method, the user does not need to enter Lync credentials and signin is automatically authorized.

When a single handset and extension is assigned to a single user, the credentials can be configured for each handset in the per-handset config files. It is easier for the user but less secure as anyone can use the handset since it is always signed in.

When user profiles are configured, user Lync credentials can be configured in the login.cfg file for each user. It is easier for the user as they are already logged into the phone with their user profile and do not need to additionally sign into Lync.

SSI provides access to Microsoft Exchange features.

See the *Spectralink 84-Series Deployment Guide* and *Spectralink 84-Series Administration Guide* for complete instructions about setting parameters and using the .cfg files.

Understanding Lync Parameters in the site.cfg File

The Lync telephony parameters appear only in the configuration files that accompany the Lync version of the software. The Lync telephony server parameters are located in the site.cfg file.

Configuration template -- site.cfg

```
<LyncTelephony>
<!-- Starting with UCS 4.1.0, the "base profile" feature allows to set up Lync telephony -->
<!-- by changing the base profile rather than by setting each telephony setting -->
<!-- to its Lync compatible value. -->
<!-- DHCP option 43 must point to the certificate server. If this cannot be done, -->
<!-- refer to the Deployment Guide for manual certificate installation -->
<!-- When using Lync telephony, IM and presence are automatically enabled. -->

<LyncBaseProfile
  device.baseProfile.set="1"
  device.baseProfile="Lync">
  <!-- device.set="1" only needed if previous device.set in syslog is not used -->
</LyncBaseProfile>
```

The Lync parameter values in the template should not be changed. If you are upgrading from Polycom UCS 4.0.1 or 4.0.2, delete any previously-configured Lync parameters and replace them with the Base Profile as shown above.

Eliminating the per-Phone .cfg File

Telephony registration parameters are typically set in the per-phone .cfg file. The configuration templates provided with Spectralink software 4.6.x specifically do not place any other types of parameters in these per-phone files. Because the Lync telephony server manages all aspects of the registration, these per-phone .cfg files are no longer needed unless you want to automatically sign in a handset (or if you are deploying phone-specific features). For auto sign in you will need to configure user credential parameters in each per-phone .cfg file.



Admin Tip: Where to put feature parameters without a per-phone file?

If you are currently using the per-phone files to configure features such as PTT and applications, you can move those features to the site.cfg, a feature.cfg, or a group.cfg file instead. This way you can eliminate the need for a separate file for each handset and simplify your deployment.

The master configuration file – either the MACAddress.cfg or 000000000000.cfg file – in the configuration templates includes the per-phone .cfg file as the first item in the CONFIG_FILES string. This per-phone .cfg file should be deleted if you are deploying a Lync telephony server and have no other need of the per-phone files.

Signing into Lync

Microsoft provides two ways to sign into Lync: PIN authentication and Login Credentials. Parameters for both methods are included in the Base Profile. You must set the parameters for the signin method in the config files as described here.

Using PIN Authentication

PIN authentication is an alternate sign in method that Spectralink has incorporated into Release 4.7 which is built upon Microsoft-certified Release 4.6. PIN authentication allows you to require a PIN and extension number for sign in rather than Login credentials. Note that IM and presence work with PIN auth, but email and calendar do not. You must use Login credentials in order to provide Microsoft Exchange features with your Lync deployment.

When PIN authentication is configured, the user will be prompted for the PIN and extension number when signing in.

Using Login Credentials

Login Credentials require that the user enter a sign in address, domain, username and password in order to access Lync telephony or Microsoft Exchange features. Login credentials may be configured in a per-phone or per-user configuration file to automatically sign in a user.

When you use the Base Profile for Lync, both LoginCredentials and PinCredentials are automatically enabled. If you want to use one, disable the other. See the examples below.

Sign in parameters

The configuration file templates provided for the different Lync scenarios include the following parameters. Use them to configure your Lync deployment as shown in the examples.

Parameters to set the sign in method

Parameter	Permitted Values	Default
reg.x.auth.useLoginCredentials	0 or 1	1

Setting this parameter to “1” enables the Sign In menu option **Sign in: Credentials**. If set to “0” the menu option does not appear and you may use auto signin as described below.

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Permitted Values</i>	<i>Default</i>
reg.x.auth.usePinCredentials	0 or 1	1
Setting this parameter to "1" enables the Sign In menu option Sign in: PIN & Ext.. If set to "0" the menu option does not appear and you may use auto signin with LoginCredentials as described below. You cannot use auto signin with PIN authentication.		

Parameters to use with LoginCredentials for automatic signin.

The following parameters should only be used if BOTH useLoginCredentials and usePinCredentials are set to 0. If either are set to 1, auto signin is not allowed.

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Permitted Values</i>	<i>Default</i>
reg.x.auth.domain	string	Null
The domain of the authorization server that is used to check the user names and passwords.		
reg.x.address	string address	Null
The user part (for example, <i>1002</i>) or the user and the host part (for example, <i>1002@Spectralink.com</i>) of the registration SIP URI or the H.323 ID/extension.		
reg.x.auth.password	string	Null
The password to be used for authentication challenges for this registration. If the password is non-Null, it will overrule the password entered into the Authentication submenu on the Settings menu of the handset.		
reg.x.auth.userId	string	Null
User ID to be used for authentication challenges for this registration. If the User ID is non-Null, it will overrule the user parameter entered into the Authentication submenu on the Settings menu of the handset.		

Sign in config file templates

Flat deployment

Flat deployment uses the Lync Base Profile which is set in the site.cfg file. It is set to enable both LoginCredentials and PIN authentication. Normally only one method is enabled. Enable the one you want to use in the site.cfg file and disable the other one.

Flat deployment site.cfg template example

```

<!--When using the Base Profile, Lync signin enables menus for both LoginCredentials and-->
<!--PIN authentication.-->
<!--If you want to offer just one of these options, the other one must be disabled.-->
<!--Usually only one option is used in a facility, but both are enabled by default.-->
<!--Set the LyncSignIn option(s) you want to deploy to 1.-->
<!--If you want to deploy automatic signin, use the [MACAddress-ext].cfg file to configure-->
<!--the settings and delete the LyncSignIn section from this file.-->

<LyncSignIn
  reg.1.auth.useLoginCredentials="0"
  reg.1.auth.usePinCredentials="0"
</LyncSignIn>

</LyncTelephony>

```

Alternately, you can enable automatic sign in by disabling both methods that require the user to sign in with credentials and configuring log in credentials in the MACAddress-ext.cfg file. If choosing this option, delete the LyncSignIn section in the site.cfg template.

Flat deployment MACAddress-ext.cfg template example: Auto signin

```

<!--LYNC AUTOMATIC SIGN IN-->
<!--Lync automatic signin is available with LoginCredentials.-->
<!--The user does not need to enter the credentials and is not prompted to do so.-->
<!--This is convenient for the user but may not be desirable if it presents a -->
<!--security risk for the facility.-->
<!--Set both signin parameters to 0 and configure the credential parameters-->
<!--to automatically sign in the user.-->
<!--Automatic sign in is not available with PIN authorization. -->
<!--Delete the other LyncSignIn parameters in the site.cfg file.-->
<!--DELETE THIS SECTION IF YOU ARE NOT DEPLOYING LYNC AUTO SIGNIN.-->
<LyncAutoSignIn
  reg.1.auth.useLoginCredentials="0"
  reg.1.auth.usePinCredentials="0"
  reg.1.auth.domain="domain"
  reg.1.address="address"
  reg.1.auth.password="password"
  reg.1.auth.userId="userid">
</LyncAutoSignIn>

```

User Profiles deployment

With User Profiles, the Lync Base Profile must be “divided” so that part of it activates prior to User Profile login and the rest of it activates after User Profile login. Therefore you will see Lync parameters that comprise the Base Profile in each of the site and login files. You must set the sign in method in the login.cfg file for each user profile. The template offers all sign in methods. Choose the one you want and delete the others. Note: If you select the automatic signin option,

set the **softkey.feature.simplifiedSignIn** parameter in the site.cfg file to zero so that sign-in options do not appear on the Features flyout menu.

User Profiles login.cfg template example

```

<!--LYNC CREDENTIALS SIGN IN-->
<!--LoginCredentials and PIN authentication signin methods are available.-->
<!--If you want to offer just one of these options, the other one must be disabled.-->
<!--Usually only one option is used in a facility.-->
<!--Set the LyncSignIn option(s) you want to deploy to 1.-->
<!--DELETE THE LYNC AUTOMATIC SIGN IN SECTION BELOW IF REQUIRING CREDENTIALS-->

<LyncSignIn
  reg.1.auth.useLoginCredentials="0"
  reg.1.auth.usePinCredentials="0">
</LyncSignIn>

<!--or you could configure each user's LoginCredentials so signing in is not required...-->

<!--LYNC AUTOMATIC SIGN IN-->
<!--Lync automatic signin is available with LoginCredentials.-->
<!--The user does not need to enter the credentials and is not prompted to do so.-->
<!--This is convenient for the user but may not be desirable if it presents a -->
<!--security risk for the facility.-->
<!--Set both signin parameters to 0 and configure the credential parameters-->
<!--to automatically sign in the user.-->
<!--Automatic sign in is not available with PIN authorization. -->
<!--Delete the other LyncSignIn parameters.-->
<LyncAutoSignIn
  reg.1.auth.useLoginCredentials="0"
  reg.1.auth.usePinCredentials="0"
  reg.1.auth.domain="domain"
  reg.1.address="address"
  reg.1.auth.password="password"
  reg.1.auth.userId="userid">
</LyncAutoSignIn>

</LyncTelephony>

```

Group deployment

Generally the group scenario follows the Flat deployment scenario for Lync configuration. Refer to Flat deployment section above for information. If you are deploying auto signin, the <identity>.cfg file is used instead of the MACAddress-ext.cfg file.

How Lync Parameters Differ with User Profiles

User Profiles are typically deployed in facilities where several users need independent access to a single handset. Shift workers generally share handsets and User Profiles is an ideal way to keep track of usage and provide workers with custom options. The custom parameters set by the user are stored on the central provisioning server and become available once the user logs into the handset.

If you are deploying User Profiles, the log in requirement of User Profiles comes into conflict with the sign in requirement of the Lync telephony server when the parameters set in the Base Profile are used. Therefore the configuration templates for User Profiles separate these parameters so that some are activated when the handset is turned on and others are activated after the user logs in.

The Lync telephony parameters should not be changed in either file as they are used after the user logs into the User Profile. The sign in method is established in the login file for each user profile, as discussed above.

User Profiles configuration template -- site.cfg

```

<LyncTelephony>
  <!-- Starting with UCS 4.1.0, the "base profile" feature allows to set up Lync telephony by -->
  <!-- changing the base profile rather than by setting each telephony setting to its Lync -->
  <!-- compatible value. Unfortunately, for technical reasons, the base profile mechanism-->
  <!-- can't be used in the user profile scenario, and values need to be set individually-->
  <!-- both in the site.cfg and the login.cfg files. Do NOT modify the values in the Lync-->
  <!-- block below. They have been preset for Lync compatibility-->
  <!-- DHCP option 43 must point to the certificate server. If this cannot be done, refer to the -->
  <!-- Deployment Guide for manual certificate installation -->
  <LyncBaseProfile
    call.enableOnNotRegistered="0"
    callLists.logConsultationCalls="1"
    dialplan.applyToDirectoryDial="1"
    dialplan.1.applyToForward="1"
    feature.messaging.enabled="1"
    feature.presence.enabled="1"
    roaming_buddies.reg="1"
    sec.srtp.holdWithNewKey="0"
    sec.srtp.key.lifetime="2^31"
    sec.srtp.mki.enabled="1"
    sec.srtp.mki.length="1"
    sec.srtp.mki.startSessionAtOne="1"
    sec.srtp.resumeWithNewKey="0"
    sec.TLS.profileSelection.SIP="ApplicationProfile1"
    softkey.feature.simplifiedSignIn="1"
    tcplpApp.ice.mode="MSOCS"
    tcplpApp.keepalive.tcp.sip.tls.enable="1"
    voice.audioProfile.G7221.24kbps.payloadType="112"
    voice.codecPref.G7221.24kbps="5"
    voice.codecPref.G7221.32kbps="0"
    volpProt.SIP.allowTransferOnProceeding="0"
    volpProt.SIP.IM.autoAnswerDelay="40"
    volpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.cf="1"
    volpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.dnd="1"
    volpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.localProcessing.cf="0"
    volpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.localProcessing.dnd="0"
    volpProt.SIP.header.diversion.enable="1"
    volpProt.SIP.mtls.enable="0" />
  </LyncBaseProfile>
</LyncTelephony>

```

User Profiles configuration template -- login.cfg

```
<LyncTelephony>
  <!--LYNC LINE REGISTRATION-->
  <!-- The Lync line registration information below should generally not be changed,-->
  <!-- it has been preset for proper Lync operation. It must remain in the login.cfg file -->
  <!-- even though it is common to all users, so that it only takes effect after the user-->
  <!-- has logged into their user profile.-->
  <Lync
    reg.1.applyServerDigitMapLocally="1"
    reg.1.serverFeatureControl.signalingMethod="serviceMsForwardContact"
    reg.1.server.1.registerRetry.baseTimeout="10"
    reg.1.server.1.registerRetry.maxTimeout="180"
    reg.1.server.1.specialInterop="lync2013"
    reg.1.server.1.transport="TLS">
  </Lync>
```

The Lync line registration information in the User Profiles login.cfg file generally should not be changed. It has been preset for proper Lync operation. It must remain in the login.cfg file even though it is common to all users, so that it only takes effect after the user has logged into their profile.

Lync signin information is configured in the login file for each user profile. See sign in examples above.

Chapter 6: Sign Into or Out of Lync

Once you have set the handset Base Profile to Lync, you can sign in or out of the handset.



Caution: Signing in as a different user

To sign in as a different user, you must first sign out as the existing user then sign in as the new user. If you do not do this, credentials will not function correctly. Follow the directions below for the sign out and sign in procedures.

Unless automatic signin has been configured, you must sign in to Lync to use your handset. The Lync Sign In screen displays the first time your handset connects to the network. You must enter all the information this first time. You will remain signed in, even when you power cycle the handset, until you sign out.

To sign into Lync:

- 1 Navigating to **Settings> Features> Microsoft Lync> SignIn**. Alternately you may use the **Features** softkey to view your signin options.

You will have one or both signin options: PIN & Extension and/or Credentials.

a Sign in: PIN & Ext.

- » PIN as set in the Lync server and provided by the administrator.
- » Extension as set in the Lync server and provided by the administrator.

b Sign in: Credentials

- » Sign In Address This is your Lync SIP URI address, not the user name for the Active Directory account. For example, username@domain.com.
- » Domain By default, use the NetBIOS domain name. If that does not work, try the DNS domain name (for example, domain.com).
- » User user name
- » Password password

- 2 After completing the required fields, press the **SignIn** soft key. If successful, your line icon will show as registered. Note that completing the signin can take many seconds. Be patient.



Troubleshooting: My sign-in credentials don't work

Be careful entering the password as too many attempts with an incorrect password may cause your account to be locked.

To sign out of Lync:

- Press the **Features** softkey and select the **Signout** option from the menu
- Navigate to **Settings> Features> Microsoft Lync> SignOut**.

Note that sign out options are not available if auto signin is deployed.

Once you've signed out, your line shows as unregistered, your presence status is offline, and you will be unable to use your handset.



Note

Once you sign out of Microsoft Lync on your handset, call lists are deleted.

Appendix A: Base Profile Parameters

The following table details the parameters used to set up your Spectralink handsets with Lync Server 2010/2013.

If you are upgrading from 4.0.1 or 4.0.2, you will have many of these parameters already configured in one or more .cfg files. We recommend that you remove from those files any parameters that appear here. Use the Base Profile instead of any of the parameters listed here.

If you need to override any of these parameters, first set the Base Profile to Lync and then set the individual parameters in the following rows. The previous examples about setting the signin method offers a demonstration of how to override a Base Profile setting. In the Flat and Group deployment templates, the Base Profile enables menus for both signin methods. The example template enables/disables the signin parameters according to which method you want to deploy. This gives you more control and visibility into what is being done in the config file.

Base Profile parameters

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Permitted Values</i>	<i>Default</i>
call.enableOnNotRegistered	0 or 1	0
If 1, users can make calls when the handset is not registered. If 0, calls are not permitted without registration.		
callLists.logConsultationCalls	0 or 1	1
If '1', all consultation calls are logged. (Calls made to a third party—while the original party is on hold—when settings up a conference call are called consultation calls.). If '0', consultation calls are not logged.		
dialplan.applyToDirectoryDial	0 or 1	1
If 0, the dial plan is not applied to numbers dialed from the directory or speed dial list. If 1, the dial plan is applied to numbers dialed from the directory or speed dial, including auto-call contact numbers.		
dialplan.1.applyToForward	0 or 1	1
If 0, the dial plan does not apply to forwarded calls. If 1, the dial plan applies to forwarded calls.		
feature.messaging.enabled	0 or 1	1
Enable instant messaging on the Spectralink 84-Series wireless handsets.		
feature.presence.enabled	0 or 1	1
Enable the presence feature to manage your buddy list and display the status of your contacts.		
reg.1.applyServerDigitMapLocally	0 or 1	1
When set to 1, dialplan normalization rules are downloaded from the Lync Server and processed on the handset. If 0, dialplan rules are processed by Lync Server.		
reg.1.auth.useLoginCredentials	0 or 1	1
Enables the Sign In option on the handset for user credentials. (simple sign in): Sign in: Credentials		

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Permitted Values</i>	<i>Default</i>
reg.1.auth.usePinCredentials	0 or 1	1
Enables the Sign In option on the handset for PIN and extension credentials: Sign in: PIN & Ext.		
reg.1.serverFeatureControl.cf	0 or 1	1
If '0', server-based call forwarding is not enabled for this line. If '1', server based call forwarding is enabled for this line.		
reg.1.serverFeatureControl.localProcessing.cf	0 or 1	0
If set to '0' and <code>reg.1.serverFeatureControl.cf</code> is set to 1, the handset will not perform local Call Forward behavior. If set to 1, the handset will perform local Call Forward behavior on all calls received.		
reg.1.serverFeatureControl.signalingMethod	string	serviceMsForwardContact
Controls the method used to perform call forwarding requests to the server.		
reg.1.server.1.registerRetry.baseTimeout	10 to 120	10
The base time period to wait before a registration retry. Used in conjunction with <code>reg.x.server.y.registerRetry.maxTimeout</code> to determine how long to wait. The algorithm is defined in RFC 5626.		
reg.1.server.1.registerRetry.maxTimeout	60 to 1800	180 seconds
Sets the maximum period of time in seconds that the handset tries to register.		
reg.1.server.1.specialInterop	standard, ocs2007r2, lcs2005, lync2010, lync2013	lync2013
Identifies the SIP signaling as Microsoft Lync Server 2013 and enables Lync Server features. Use the <code>lync2013</code> value when deploying a Microsoft Lync Server 2013.		
reg.1.server.1.transport	TLS	TLS
The transport method the handset uses to communicate with the SIP server.		
roaming_buddies.reg	0 or 1	1
Set the line index number for the registered line you want to enable Presence and Instant Messaging.		
sec.srtp.holdWithNewKey	0 or 1	0
If 0, a new key is not provided when holding a call. If 1, a new key is provided when holding a call.		
sec.srtp.key.lifetime	0, positive integer minimum 1024 or power of 2 notation	2^31
The lifetime of the master key used for the cryptographic parameter in SDP. The value specified is the number of SRTP packets. If 0, the master key lifetime is not set. If set to a valid value (at least 1024, or a power such as 2^{10}), the master key lifetime is set. When the lifetime is set, a re-invite with a new key will be sent when the number or SRTP packets sent for an outgoing call exceeds half the value of the master key lifetime. <i>Note:</i> Setting this parameter to a non-zero value may affect the performance of the handset.		

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Permitted Values</i>	<i>Default</i>
sec.srtp.mki.enabled	0 or 1	1
The master key identifier (MKI) is an optional parameter for the cryptographic parameter in the SDP that uniquely identifies the SRTP stream within an SRTP session. MKI is expressed as a pair of decimal numbers in the form: <code> mki:mki_length </code> where <code>mki</code> is the MKI value and <code>mki_length</code> its length in bytes. If 1, a four-byte MKI parameter is sent within the SDP message of the SIP INVITE / 200 OK. If 0, the MKI parameter is not sent.		
sec.srtp.mki.length	1 to 4	1
The length of the master key identifier (MKI), in bytes. Microsoft Lync offers 1-byte MKIs.		
sec.srtp.mki.startSessionAtOne	0 or 1	1
If set to 1, use an MKI value of 1 at the start of an SDP session. If set to 0, the MKI value will increment for each new crypto key.		
sec.srtp.resumeWithNewKey	0 or 1	0
If 0, a key is not provided when resuming a call. If 1, a key is provided when resuming a call.		
sec.TLS.profileSelection.SIP		ApplicationProfile1
Set the TLS application profile used to store the CA certificate.		
softkey.feature.simplifiedSignIn	0 or 1	1
When set to 1 and LoginCredentials is enabled, the Features softkey menu displays the Credentials signin option. (SSI, Simple Sign In)		
tcplpApp.ice.mode		MSOCS
Specifies that ICE and TURN work with Microsoft Lync Server.		
tcplpApp.keepalive.tcp.sip.tls.enable		1
Set to '1' to enable keepalive packets and keep the TLS profile from timing out.		
video.iFrame.delay	0 to 10, seconds	2
When non-zero, an extra I-frame is transmitted after video starts. The amount of delay from the start of video until the I-frame is sent is configurable up to 10 seconds. Use a value of 2 seconds if you are using this parameter in a Microsoft Lync environment.		
video.iFrame.onPacketLoss	0 or 1	1
If 1, an I-frame is transmitted to the far end when a received RTCP report indicates that video RTP packet loss has occurred.		
voice.audioProfile.G7221.24kbps.payloadType	0 to 127	112
The payload type for the G.722.1 24kbps codec.		
voice.codecPref.G7221.24kbps	0 to 27	5
The priority of the G.722.1 24kbps codec. If 0 or Null, the codec is disabled. A value of 1 is the highest priority.		
voice.codecPref.G7221.32kbps	0 to 27	0
The priority of the G.722.1 32kbps codec. If 0 or Null, the codec is disabled. A value of 1 is the highest priority.		

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Permitted Values</i>	<i>Default</i>
volpProt.SIP.IM.autoAnswerDelay	0 to 40, seconds	40
The time interval from receipt of the instant message invitation to automatically accepting the invitation.		
volpProt.SIP.allowTransferOnProceeding	0 or 1	0
If set to '1', a transfer can be completed during the proceeding state of a consultation call. If set to '0', a transfer is not allowed during the proceeding state of a consultation call.		
volpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.cf	0 or 1	1
If set to 1, server-based call forwarding is enabled. The call server has control of call forwarding. If set to 0, server-based call forwarding is not enabled. This is the old behavior.		
volpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.dnd	0 or 1	1
If set to 1, server-based DND is enabled. The call server has control of DND. If set to 0, server-based DND is not enabled. This is the old behavior.		
volpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.localProcessing.cf	0 or 1	0
If set to 0 and <code>voIpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.cf</code> is set to 1, the handset will not perform local Call Forward behavior. If set to 1, the handset will perform local Call Forward behavior on all calls received.		
volpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.localProcessing.dnd	0 or 1	0
If set to 0 and <code>voIpProt.SIP.serverFeatureControl.dnd</code> is set to 1, the handset will not perform local DND call behavior. If set to 1, the handset will perform local DND call behavior on all calls received.		
volpProt.SIP.header.diversion.enable	0 or 1	1
If set to 1, the diversion header is displayed if received. If set to 0, the diversion header is not displayed.		
volpProt.SIP.mtls.enable	0 or 1	0
If 0, Mutual TLS is disabled. If 1, Mutual TLS is enabled. Used in conjunction with Microsoft Lync Server 2010/2013.		

Understanding In-Band Provisioning

This section describes in-band provisioning. A number of operating parameters are specified by the Lync server (such as how to recognize an emergency call). Those parameters are translated into Spectralink format before being used by the handset. For troubleshooting purposes, the parameters retrieved automatically from the Lync server can be dumped using the following procedure.

To view in-band provisioning parameters:

- 1 On your handset, go to **Menu> Settings> Advanced**, enter the password (default 456), and press **OK**.
- 2 Go to **Administration Settings> Upload Configuration**.
- 3 Scroll down and select **SIP**.
- 4 Press the **Upload** soft key.

The handset uploads MAC-upload-CallServer.cfg to your boot server. Open this file to view the in-band provisioning parameters.

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Permitted Values</i>	<i>Default</i>
dialplan.1.e911dialmask		112;100
dialplan.1.e911dialstring		119
dialplan.1.originaldigitmap		This value depends on how the Lync Server is configured.
dialplan.routing.emergency.1.value		119
msg.mwi.1.callBack		This value depends on how the Lync Server is configured.
The contact to call when retrieving messages for this registration if msg.mwi.x.callBackMode is set to contact.		
msg.mwi.1.callBackMode	contact	contact
The message retrieval mode and notification for registration 'x'. The value 'contact' indicates that a call is placed to the contact specified by msg.mwi.x.callback.		
reg.1.ice.turn.callAdmissionControl.enabled		1

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Permitted Values</i>	<i>Default</i>
reg.1.lisdisclaimer		This value depends on how the Lync Server is configured.
reg.x.srtp.enable		1
When set to '1', SRTP for incoming SIP calls is enabled for a given line 'x'. When set to '0', SRTP offered SIP calls are declined.		
reg.1.srtp.offer		1
If 1, the registration includes a secure media stream description along with the usual non-secure media description in the SDP of a SIP INVITE. This parameter applies to the registration initiating (offering) a phone call. If 0, no secure media stream is included in SDP of a SIP invite.		
reg.1.srtp.require	0 or 1	1
If '0', secure media streams are not required. If '1', the registration is only allowed to use secure media streams. Any offered SIP INVITEs must include a secure media description in the SDP or the call will be rejected. For outgoing calls, only a secure media stream description is included in the SDP of the SIP INVITE, meaning that the non-secure media description is not included. If this parameter set to 1, reg.x.srtp.offer will also be set to '1', regardless of the value in the configuration file.		
tcplpApp.ice.turn.callAdmissionControl.enabled		1
tcplpApp.ice.username		This value depends on how the Lync Server is configured. This unique value is created for each registration and changes every eight minutes.
tcplpApp.ice.password		This value depends on how the Lync Server is configured.
tcplpApp.ice.turn.server		This value depends on how the Lync Server is configured.
tcplpApp.ice.turn.tcpPort		443
tcplpApp.ice.turn.udpPort		3478

Appendix B: Alternative Ways to Set the Base Profile

Setting the handset's Base Profile to Lync configures the handset with the necessary parameters and values required to register with Lync Server. You must be running Polycom 4.1.0 or Spectralink software 4.2.0 and above to register to Lync Server with the Base Profile. For details on the Base Profile parameters and values, see Appendix A.

The Base Profile is part of the configuration parameters in the site.cfg file provided with the Config templates for Spectralink software 4.2.0 and above. We recommend that you use a central provisioning server and the provided configuration templates to provision and maintain your system. However, some deployment situations require that you manually provision the Base Profile. Therefore, several options for setting it manually are provided in this Appendix.

There are two different ways to manually set the Base Profile.

During initial boot cycle:

- Using the multi-key combo (MKC) during bootup (This is the fastest method.)
- From the handset boot Setup menu

From the handset Home screen:

- Using the handset menu system
- Using the multi-key combo (MKC) shortcut



Note

These two alternative methods require you to manually set the Base Profile on each handset. Only using the central provisioning server relieves you of the requirement of manually handling each handset to set the Base Profile parameter.

Setting the Base Profile During Bootup

This section shows you two ways to set the Base Profile to Lync during initial handset bootup: from the Setup menu and using multi-key combo keys (MKC) during bootup.

To set the Base Profile to Lync using MKC during bootup:

- 1 Power cycle the handset.
- 2 A few seconds into the initial device bootup cycle, the handset displays the message *Starting Application, press Cancel to interrupt* and a Cancel soft key. Press the **Cancel** soft key.

The handset displays three soft keys: Start, Setup, About.

- 3 Press and hold the key combination 1,4,9 to display the Admin password entry screen.
- 4 Enter the Admin password (default 456) and press the **Ok** softkey.

The Base Profile menu displays.

- 5 Press the **Edit** soft key, use the **Nav** keys to scroll through the options to **Lync**, and press the **Ok** softkey and then the **Exit** softkey.

The handset offers three options: Exit without Saving, Save & Reboot, and Resume Setup. Select **Save & Reboot** to confirm the selection.

The handset reboots and displays the Lync Server Sign In screen.

To set the Base Profile to Lync from the handset boot Setup menu:

- 1 Power cycle the handset.
- 2 A few seconds into the reboot cycle, the handset displays the message *Starting Application, press Cancel to interrupt* and a Cancel soft key. Press the **Cancel** soft key.

The handset displays three soft keys: Start, Setup, About.

- 3 Press the **Setup** soft key, enter the password (default 456), and press the **Ok** softkey.
- 4 Use the **Nav** keys to scroll to the Base Profile option and select the **Edit** soft key.
- 5 Using the **Nav** keys, select the **Lync** option and then press the **Ok** softkey and then the **Exit** softkey.

- 6 The handset offers three options: Exit without Saving, Save & Reboot, and Resume Setup. Select **Save & Reboot** to confirm the selection.

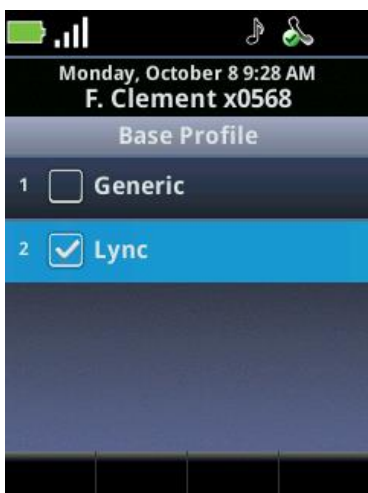
The handset reboots and displays the Lync Server Sign In screen.

Setting the Base Profile from the Home Screen

This section shows you how to set the Base Profile to Lync using the handset menu system when the handset is at the Home screen.

To set the Base Profile to Lync using the multi-key combo shortcut:

- 1 Navigate to the **Home** screen.
- 2 Press and hold the key combination **1, 4, 9** on the keypad for about 3 seconds.
Pressing and holding the MKC keys causes the Base Profile Password menu to display.
- 3 Enter the password (default 456) and press **OK**.
- 4 In the *Base Profile* menu, select **Lync**.



The handset automatically reboots and displays the Lync Server Sign In screen.



Troubleshooting: Rebooting the Phone

If the handset does not reboot, you can manually restart by powering off/on the handset. You can also manually reboot the handset: Press the **Menu/Home** key> **Settings> Advanced**, enter the password (default 456), press Enter, and choose **Reboot Phone**. When the handset completes the reboot cycle, the Lync Server Sign In screen displays.

To set the Base Profile to Lync using the handset menu system:

- 1 Navigate to **Home> Settings> Advanced**.
- 2 Enter the Admin password (default is 456).
- 3 Select **Administration Settings> Network Configuration**.
- 4 Scroll to Base Profile and press **OK**.
- 5 Scroll to the **Lync** option and press **OK**.
- 6 Press the **Back** key and select the **Save Config** option.
The handset automatically restarts and displays the Lync Server Sign In screen.